Bioworld Technology CO., Ltd.



PPP2R5A Peptide

Cat No.: BS5863P

Background

In eukaryotes, the phosphorylation and dephosphorylation of proteins on serine and threonine residues is an essential means of regulating a broad range of cellular functions, including division, homeostasis and apoptosis. A group of proteins that are intimately involved in this process are the protein phosphatases. In general, the protein phosphatase (PP) holoenzyme is a trimeric complex composed of a regulatory subunit, a variable subunit and a catalytic subunit. Four major families of protein phosphatase catalytic subunits have been identified, designated PP1, PP2A, PP2B (calcineurin) and PP2C. An additional protein phosphatase catalytic subunit, PPX (also known as PP4) is a putative member of a novel PP family. The PP2A family comprises subfamily members PP2Aa and PP2AB. The PP2A catalytic subunit associates with a variety of regulatory subunits. Regulatory subunits include PP2A-A-a and -A-b, PP2A-B-a and -B-β, PP2A-C-a and -C-β, PP2A-B56-a, -B56-β, -B56-γ and -B56-δ.

Swiss-Prot

Q15172

Applications

Blocking

Specificity

This peptide can be used with studies using BS5863 PPP2R5A pAb.

Purification & Purity

Synthetic peptide PPP2R5A. (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is > 98%.

Product

1 mg/ml in DI water.

Storage & Stability

Store at 4 ${}^\circ\!\!{\rm C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at -20 ${}^\circ\!\!{\rm C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Research Use

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.