



Gamma-glutamyltransferase Microplate Assay Kit User Manual

Catalog # ASK1157

Detection and Quantification of Gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT)
Content in Urine, Serum, Plasma, Tissue extracts, Cell lysate, Cell
culture media, Other biological fluids Samples.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Gamma-glutamyltransferase (also γ -glutamyltransferase, GGT, gamma-GT; EC 2.3.2.2) is a transferase (a type of enzyme) that catalyzes the transfer of gamma-glutamyl functional groups from molecules such as glutathione to an acceptor that may be an amino acid, a peptide or water (forming glutamate). GGT plays a key role in the gamma-glutamyl cycle, a pathway for the synthesis and degradation of glutathione and drug and xenobiotic detoxification. Other lines of evidence indicate that GGT can also exert a pro-oxidant role, with regulatory effects at various levels in cellular signal transduction and cellular pathophysiology. This transferase is found in many tissues, the most notable one being the liver, and has significance in medicine as a diagnostic marker.

Gamma-glutamyltransferase Microplate Assay Kit is a sensitive assay for determining Gamma-glutamyltransferase activity in various samples. Gamma-glutamyltransferase activity is determined by the product of paranitroaniline. The reaction products can be measured at a colorimetric readout at 405 nm.

**II. KIT COMPONENTS**

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30 ml x 4	4 °C
Substrate I	Powder x 1	4 °C
Substrate I Diluent	10 ml x 1	4 °C
Substrate II	Powder x 1	4 °C
Reaction Buffer	1.5 ml x 1	4 °C
Stop Solution	10 ml x 1	4 °C
Standard (5 µmol/ml)	1 ml x 1	4 °C
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Note:

Substrate I: add 10 ml Substrate I Diluent to dissolve before use.

Substrate II: add 1 ml Reaction Buffer to before use.

III. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 405 nm
2. Distilled water
3. Pipettor
4. Pipette tips
5. Mortar
6. Centrifuge
7. Timer



IV. SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. For cell and bacteria samples

Collect cell or bacteria into centrifuge tube, discard the supernatant after centrifugation, add 1 ml Assay buffer for 5×10^6 cell or bacteria, sonicate (with power 20%, sonication 3s, interval 10s, repeat 30 times); centrifuged at 8000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

2. For tissue samples

Weigh out 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 ml Assay buffer on ice, centrifuged at 8000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

3. For serum, plasma or other liquid samples

Detect directly.

**V. ASSAY PROCEDURE**

Add following reagents into the microplate:

Reagent	Sample	Control	Standard	Blank
Sample	10 μ l	--	--	--
Standard	--	--	10 μ l	--
Reaction Buffer	--	--	10 μ l	10 μ l
Distilled water	--	10 μ l	--	10 μ l
Substrate I	100 μ l	100 μ l	100 μ l	100 μ l
Shake and mix, put it into the oven, 37 °C for 5 minutes.				
Substrate II	10 μ l	10 μ l	--	--
Shake and mix, put it into the oven, 37 °C for 10 minutes.				
Stop Solution	100 μ l	100 μ l	100 μ l	100 μ l
Record absorbance measured at 405 nm.				

VI. CALCULATION

Unit Definition: One unit of GGT activity is defined as the enzyme generates 1 μmol paranitroaniline per minute.

1. According to the protein concentration of sample

$$\begin{aligned} \text{GGT (U/mg)} &= C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}} \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (V_{\text{Sample}} \\ &\quad \times C_{\text{Protein}}) / T \\ &= 0.5 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / C_{\text{Protein}} \end{aligned}$$

2. According to the weight of sample

$$\begin{aligned} \text{GGT (U/g)} &= C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}} \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (V_{\text{Sample}} \times \\ &\quad W / V_{\text{Assay}}) / T \\ &= 0.5 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / W \end{aligned}$$

3. According to the quantity of cells or bacteria

$$\begin{aligned} \text{GGT (U}/10^4) &= C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}} \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (V_{\text{Sample}} \\ &\quad \times N / V_{\text{Assay}}) / T \\ &= 0.5 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / N \end{aligned}$$

C_{Standard} : the standard concentration, 5 $\mu\text{mol/ml}$;

V_{Standard} : the volume of standard, 0.01 ml;

C_{Protein} : the protein concentration, mg/ml;

W: the weight of sample, g;

N: the quantity of cell or bacteria, $N \times 10^4$;

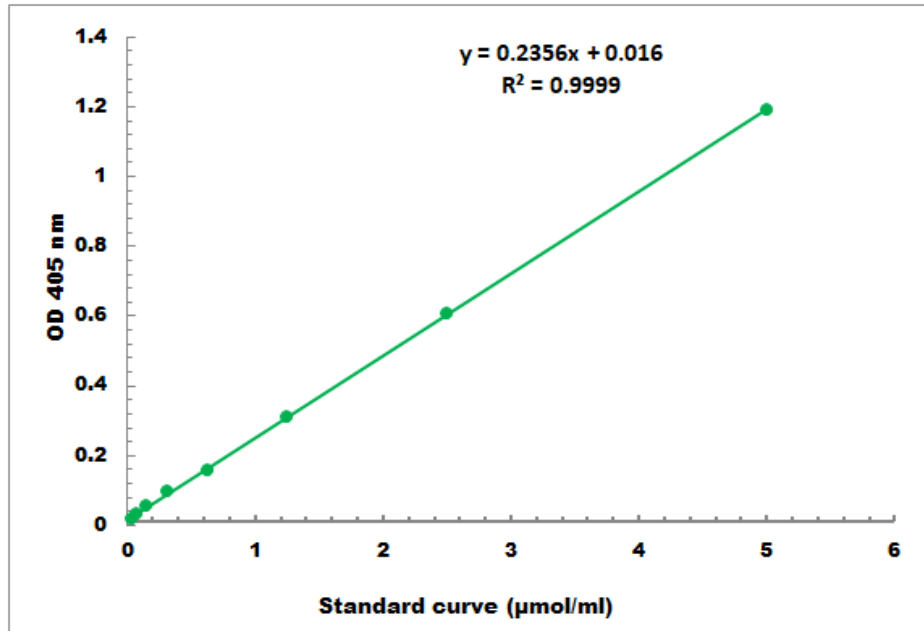
V_{Sample} : the volume of sample, 0.01 ml;

V_{Assay} : the volume of Assay Buffer, 1 ml;

T: the reaction time, 10 minutes.

VII. TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.01 µmol/ml - 5 µmol/ml