



Glutathione Microplate Assay Kit

User Manual

Catalog # ASK1006

Detection and Quantification of Glutathione (GSH) Content in Urine, Serum, Plasma, Tissue extracts, Cell lysate, Cell culture media and Other biological fluids Samples.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Glutathione is a tripeptide of glycine, glutamic acid and cysteine. In the red blood cell, the reduced form of glutathione is vital in maintaining hemoglobin in a reduced state and hence protecting the cells from oxidative damage. Glutathione is involved in detoxification of hydrogen peroxide through glutathione oxidase. Low levels of glutathione are found in deficiencies of key enzymes involved in glutathione metabolism, such as glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, glutathione synthase and glutathione reductase.

The enzyme catalysed reaction products can be measured at a colorimetric readout at 412 nm.



II. KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30 ml x 4	4 °C
Reaction Buffer	8 ml x 1	4 °C
Dye Reagent	Powder x 1	4 °C, keep in dark
Diluent	4 ml x 1	4 °C
Standard	Powder x 1	4 °C, keep in dark
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Note:

Standard: add 0.65 ml distilled water into the tube, mix, the concentration of the will be 10 mmol/L. Then add 0.1 ml solution into 0.9 ml distilled water, mix. The concentration of the standard is 1 mmol/L. Store at 4°C.

Dye Reagent: add 4 ml Diluent to dissolve before use.

III. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 412 nm
2. Distilled water
3. Pipettor
4. Pipette tips
5. Mortar
6. Ice
7. Centrifuge
8. Timer



IV. SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. For cell and bacteria samples

Collect cell or bacteria into centrifuge tube, discard the supernatant after centrifugation, add 1 ml Assay buffer for 5×10^6 cell or bacteria, sonicate (with power 20%, sonication 3s, interval 10s, repeat 30 times); centrifuged at 8000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

2. For tissue samples

Weigh out 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 ml Assay buffer on ice, centrifuged at 8000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

3. For serum or plasma samples

Detect directly.



V. ASSAY PROCEDURE

Warm all reagents to 37 °C before use.

Add following reagents into the microplate:

Reagent	Blank	Standard	Sample
Sample	--	--	80 µl
Standard	--	80 µl	--
Distilled water	80 µl	--	--
Reaction Buffer	80 µl	80 µl	80 µl
Dye Reagent	40 µl	40 µl	40 µl
Mix, wait for 10 minutes, record absorbance measured at 412 nm.			

VI. CALCULATION

1. According to the protein concentration of sample

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Glutathione (mmol/mg)} &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Sample}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) \\ &\quad / (V_{\text{Sample}} \times C_{\text{Protein}}) \\ &= (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / C_{\text{Protein}}\end{aligned}$$

2. According to the weight of sample

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Glutathione (mmol/g)} &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Sample}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / \\ &\quad (V_{\text{Sample}} \times W / V_{\text{Assay}}) \\ &= (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / W\end{aligned}$$

3. According to the quantity of cell or bacteria

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Glutathione (mmol}/10^4 \text{ cell)} &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Sample}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \\ &\quad \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (N \times V_{\text{Sample}} / V_{\text{Assay}}) \\ &= (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / N\end{aligned}$$

C_{Protein} : the protein concentration, mg/ml;

W : the weight of sample, g;

C_{Standard} : the Standard concentration, 1 mmol/ml;

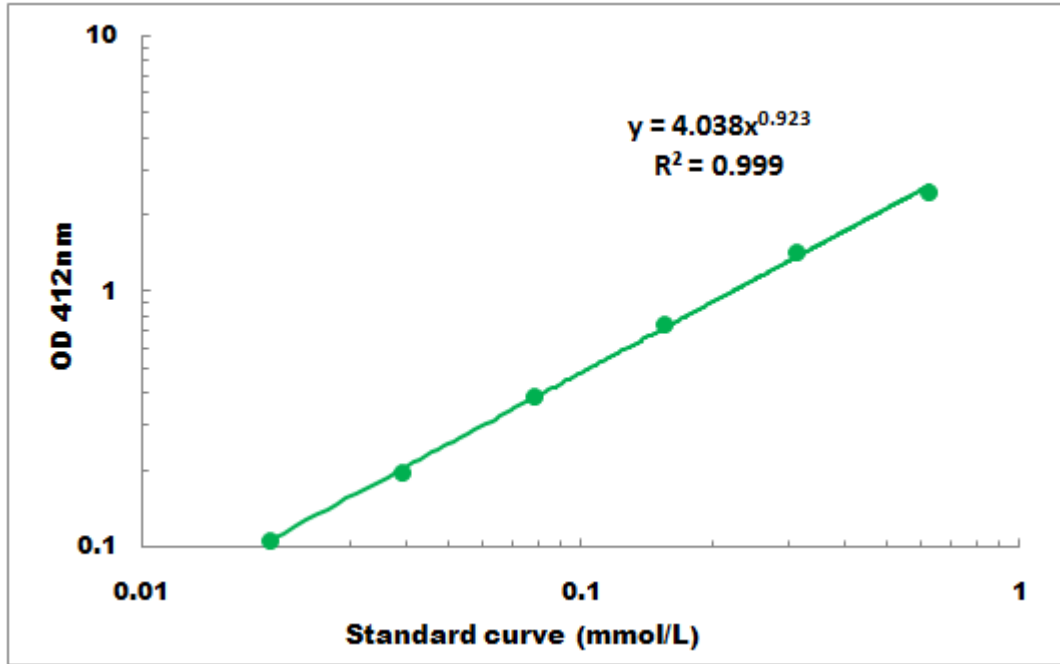
V_{Sample} : the volume of sample, 0.08 ml;

V_{Assay} : the volume of Assay buffer, 1 ml;

N : the quantity of cell or bacteria, $N \times 10^4$.

VII. TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.01 mmol/L -1 mmol/L